December 31, 2021

DuBois, Pennsylvania

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS INCLUDING REPORTS
REQUIRED BY THE SINGLE AUDIT ACT AMENDMENTS
OF 1996 AND TITLE 2 U.S. CODE OF FEDERAL
REGULATIONS PART 200, UNIFORM ADMINISTRATIVE
REQUIREMENTS, COST PRINCIPLES, AND AUDIT
REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

December 31, 2021

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SHARKEY PICCIRILLO & KEEN, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

DuBois, Pennsylvania 15801

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of DuBois, Pennsylvania DuBois, Pennsylvania

Adverse, Qualified, and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse, Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the cash basis financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2021, or the changes in cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Qualified Opinion on Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, except for the matter described in the Basis for Adverse, Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash basis financial position of the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2021, and the changes in cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and Each Major Fund

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the primary government of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

Basis for Adverse, Qualified, and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to prove a basis for our adverse, qualified, and unmodified opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units and Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information.

The financial statements do not include financial data for the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government unless the City also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The City has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The effects of not including the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's legally separate component units on the aggregate discretely presented component units and the aggregate remaining fund information have not been determined.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's ability to
 continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's primary government basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information and the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the primary government basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the primary government basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the primary government basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the primary government basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the primary government basic financial

statements or to the primary government basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the primary government basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2023, on our consideration of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sharky Piccirillo + Keen, WP SHARKEY PICCIRILLO & KEEN, LLP

March 31, 2023

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CASH BASIS

December 31, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities		Bus	iness-type		
49-000/ABB/2900			Activities			Total
Cash Due from other funds Investments	\$	9,032,191 - 820,413	\$	28,366 441 -	\$	9,060,557 441 820,413
Total Assets	\$	9,852,604	\$	28,807	\$	9,881,411
LIABILITIES Liabilities: Employee payroll deductions	\$	10.659	\$	a <u>.</u>	\$	10,659
Due to other funds	_	441				441
Total Liabilities		11,100				11,100
NET POSITION						
Restricted for: General government Public works Unrestricted		427,699 254,540 9,159,265		- - 28,807		427,699 254,540 9,188,072
Total Net Position	\$	9,841,504	\$	28,807	_\$_	9,870,311

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Program Revenues **Primary Government** Capital Operating Charges for Grants and Governmental Business-type Grants and Contributions Total Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Activities Activities **Primary Government:** Governmental activities: 3,015,240 205,022 282,258 146,658 (2,381,302)(2,381,302)General government (1,076,987) 875.393 Public safety 2,483,037 530.657 (1,076,987)3,465,190 1,433,383 376,413 4,522,160 3,465,190 Public works Community and economic development 2,245,221 229,056 1,162,856 (853,309)(853,309)Culture and recreation 929,647 109,084 (820,563)(820,563)(3,077,637)Principal on long-term debt 3,077,637 (3,077,637)Interest on long-term debt 43,147 (43, 147)(43, 147)5,908,867 1,309,514 (4,787,755)13,227,312 1,221,176 (4,787,755)Total governmental activities Business-type activities: 201,711 201,711 Sewer 4,022,977 4,224,688 Water 2,495,848 3,462,830 966,982 966,982 1,168,693 1,168,693 7,687,518 Total business-type activities 6,518,825 **Total Primary Government** \$ 19,746,137 \$ 8,908,694 \$ 5,908,867 \$ 1,309,514 (4,787,755)1,168,693 (3,619,062)General Revenues: Taxes: 1,377,540 1,377,540 Real estate 11 11 Residence Per capita 11 11 -Real estate transfer 104,748 104.748 755,716 Earned income 755,716 352,500 352,500 Local services tax Intergovernmental revenues 66,231 66,231 39,435 Interest 39,431 347,891 Miscellaneous 347,891 96,334 Capital asset sales 96,334 Transfers 7,601,547 (7,601,547)10,741,960 (7,601,543)3,140,417 Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Position 5,954,205 (6,432,850)(478,645)Net Position - Beginning 3,887,299 32,207 3,919,506 Prior period adjustment 3,887,299 32,207 3,919,506 Net Position - Beginning, as restated 3,440,861 Net Position - Ending 9,841,504 \$ (6,400,643)

BALANCE SHEET CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash investments	\$ 8,349,927	\$ 682,264	\$ 9,032,191
Investments	820,413	-	820,413
Due from other funds	4,500	-	4,500
Total Assets	\$ 9,174,840	\$ 682,264	\$ 9,857,104
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Employee payroll deductions	\$ 10,659	\$ -	\$ 10,659
Due to other funds	441	4,500	4,941
Total Liabilities	11,100	4,500	15,600
Fund Balances:			
Restricted:			
General government		427,699	427,699
Public works	-	254,540	254,540
Culture and recreation	-		-
Unassigned	9,163,740	(4,475)	9,159,265
Total Fund Balances	9,163,740	677,764	9,841,504
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 9,174,840	\$ 682,264	\$ 9,857,104

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenues:		Seneral	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Taxes	•	0.500.500	•		•	
Intergovernmental	\$	2,590,526	\$	400.000	\$	2,590,526
Charges for services		6,788,377		496,208		7,284,585
Licenses and permits		1,037,210		-		1,037,210
Fines and forfeitures		138,546		-		138,546
Interest and rentals		45,420		-		45,420
Miscellaneous		39,431		27		39,458
		347,891				347,891
Total Revenues		10,987,401		496,235		11,483,636
Expenditures: Current:						
General government		1,579,130		124,098		1,703,228
Public safety		2,483,037		-		2,483,037
Public works		1,047,409		258,925		1,306,334
Community and economic development				233,556		233,556
Culture and recreation		729,980				729,980
Debt service:						,
Principal		3,077,637		-		3,077,637
Interest		43,147		-		43,147
Capital outlay		2,386,552				2,386,552
Other		1,263,841		-		1,263,841
Total Expenditures		12,610,733		616,579		13,227,312
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues over Expenditures		(1,623,332)		(120,344)		(1,743,676)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						4
Capital assets sales		96,334		(-)		96,334
Transfers in		7,601,547		448,393		8,049,940
Transfers out		(448,393)		-	_	(448,393)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,249,488		448,393		7,697,881
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over						
Expenditures and Other Uses	<u></u>	5,626,156		328,049		5,954,205
Fund Balances-Beginning (As orginally reported) Prior Period Adjustment		3,537,584		349,715		3,887,299
Fund Balances-Beginning (Restated)		3,537,584		349,715	-	3,887,299
Fund Balances-Ending	\$	9,163,740	\$	677,764	\$	9,841,504
538						

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Funds
100570	Sewer Water		Total			
ASSETS Current assets:						
Cash Interfund receivables	\$	20,171	\$	8,195 441	\$	28,366 441
Total current assets		20,171		8,636		28,807
Total Assets	\$	20,171	\$	8,636	\$	28,807
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Interfund payables Total current liabilities	\$		\$		\$	
Total current liabilities						-
Total Liabilities	_	-				
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$	20,171 20,171	\$	8,636 8,636	\$	28,807 28,807

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer	Sewer Water			
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 4,409,311	\$ 3,669,647	\$ 8,078,958		
Total Operating Revenues	4,409,311_	3,669,647	8,078,958		
Operating Expenses:					
Public works	1,612,045	1,680,757	3,292,802		
Total Operating Expenses	1,612,045	1,680,757	3,292,802		
		1,000,101	0,202,002		
Operating Income	2,797,266	1,988,890	4,786,156		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Interest income	1	_	1		
Capital grants	-	199,750	199,750		
Proceeds from bank financing	3,500,000	4,500,000	8,000,000		
Bank financing costs	(51,000)	(51,000)	(102,000)		
Debt service principal	(221,971)	(706,381)	(928,352)		
Debt service interest	(121,151)	(264,068)	(385,219)		
Capital outlay	(1,484,706)	(2,487,483)	(3,972,189)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,621,173	1,190,818	2,811,991		
Income Before Transfers	4,418,439	3,179,708	7,598,147		
Transfers:					
Transfers In	_				
Transfers Out	(4,426,143)	(3,175,404)	(7,601,547)		
Total Transfers	(4,426,143)	(3,175,404)	(7,601,547)		
		,,,,,,,	(*)==:,==:,		
Change in Net Position	(7,704)	4,304	(3,400)		
Total Net Position - Beginning	27,875	4,332	32,207		
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 20,171	\$ 8,636	\$ 28,807		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer	Water	Total		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$ 4,409,311	\$ 3,669,647	\$ 8,078,958		
Payments to vendors and suppliers	(1,612,045)	(1,680,757)	(3,292,802)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,797,266	1,988,890	4,786,156		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Net transfers (to)/from other funds	(4,426,143)	(3,175,404)	(7,601,547)		
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities	(4,426,143)	(3,175,404)	(7,601,547)		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital grant					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(4.404.700)	199,750	199,750		
Proceeds from bank financing	(1,484,706)	(2,487,483)	(3,972,189)		
Bank financing costs	3,500,000	4,500,000	8,000,000		
Principal paid on debt	(51,000)	(51,000)	(102,000)		
Interest paid	(221,971)	(706,381)	(928,352)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing	(121,151)	(264,068)	(385,219)		
Related Financing Activities	1,621,172	1,190,818	2,811,990		
Rolated Financing Activities					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest					
merest	1	-	1		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	(7,704)	4,304	(3,400)		
Cash:					
Beginning	27,875	2 004	24.700		
	21,013	3,891	31,766		
Ending	\$ 20,171	\$ 8,195	\$ 28,366		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2021

<u>ASSETS</u>	Pe	ension Trust Fund	Cust	odial Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	328,203	\$	20,427
Receivables: Member contributions Accrued income		8,539		
Total receivables	-	27,764 36,303		
Investment assets, at fair value: Municipal debt Corporate debt		311,425 2,812,047		-
DROP account Equities		74,783 7,472,143		-
U.S. Govt & agency securities Mutual funds - fixed income Mutual funds - balanced		129,641 4,122,000		-
Mutual funds - alternative Mutual funds - equities	s	478,573 708,070 6,387,976		-
Total investments		22,496,658		-
Total Assets	\$	22,861,164	\$	20,427
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Benefits payable Escrow liabilities	\$, -	\$	-
Total Liabilities				
NET POSITION				
Restricted for: Pension Benefits Individual, organizations, other governments	\$	22,861,164	\$	20,427
Total Net Position	\$	22,861,164	\$	20,427

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

<u>ADDITIONS</u>	Pension Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
Sewer Certificate of Compliance Fund Advanced Disposal Contributions:	\$ -	\$ 6,680 1,568,333
Plan members	108,370	
Employer	804,729	-
State	268,648	-
Total contributions	1,181,747	1,575,013
Net Investment Income:		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	2,814,079	
Interest/dividends	182,204	-
Investment expenses	(108,926)	-
Net investment income	2,887,357	•
Total additions	4,069,104	1,575,013
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>		
Fire Loss Escrow	-	46,000
Sewer Certificate of Compliance		5,500
Advanced Disposal	<u> </u>	1,568,333
Benefits and refunds of member contributions Miscellaneous	1,209,346	-
Total deductions	4 200 040	- 4 040 000
Total doddollons	1,209,346	1,619,833
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	2,859,758	(44,820)
Net Position-Beginning	20,001,406	65,247
Net Position-Ending	\$ 22,861,164	\$ 20,427

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, a city of the third class, was created by charter granted by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on December 28, 1914. The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council. The City provides what are considered general government services including public safety, streets, parks and recreation, community and economic development, planning and zoning, permits and inspection, general administrative, and water and wastewater services.

Consistent with the guidance contained in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the criteria used by the City to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (Authorities, Boards, Councils, etc.) within its reporting entity, are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. In determining financial accountability in a given case, the City reviews the applicability of the following criteria:

The City is financially accountable for:

- (a) Organizations that make up the legal City entity.
- (b) Legally separate organizations if City officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the City is able to impose its will on the organization or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City as defined below:

<u>Impose its Will</u> - If the City can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

Financial Benefit or Burden - Exists if the City:

- (1) is entitled to the organization's resources, or
- (2) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization, or
- (3) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.
- (c) Organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City. Fiscal dependency is established if the organization is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the City.

The financial statements include only the primary government of the City, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the City's legal entity. The primary government financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units or joint ventures/jointly governed organizations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

However, based on the foregoing criteria, the organizations listed below have been identified as component units which would otherwise be included in the City's financial reporting entity, or as joint ventures/jointly governed organizations for which disclosure of pertinent financial information is required in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:

Includible Component Units

Redevelopment Authority of the City of DuBois DuBois Housing Authority Hospital Authority of the City of DuBois DuBois Public Library

Joint Ventures/Jointly Governed Organizations

DuBois, Falls Creek, Sandy Township Joint Transportation Authority

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements (cash basis) of accounting, which differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities which report financial information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City, or if the fund meets the following criteria: total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between its governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges, and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The other governmental funds of the City account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income and expenses, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing or delivering goods or services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The City's proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer collection and disposal system.

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water supply and distribution system.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Pension Trust Fund

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the revenues received, expenses incurred, and the net assets of the City's Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension and Police Pension plans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the cash basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, on the statement of net position and the statement of activities present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Governmental and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet, within the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, and inflows (revenues and other financing sources) and outflows (expenditures and other financing uses) of expendable financial resources are included on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans. Plan liabilities are recognized in the Pension Trust Fund for benefits and refunds to plan members and beneficiaries when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The effects on the financial statements of the significant differences between the cash basis of accounting and GAAP are that revenues are recorded when received rather than earned and expenditures are recognized when paid rather when incurred. Only cash and interfund receivables are recognized as assets while no fixed assets, nor infrastructure assets, are capitalized and depreciated; and, only payroll taxes payable and interfund payables are recognized as liabilities while other long-term obligations, such as notes payable and compensated absences, are not recognized.

If the City utilized GAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the government-wide financial statements and the

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

fund financial statements for proprietary and fiduciary funds would use the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Cash and Equivalents

Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers, as applicable. Loans are amounts provided between funds with a requirement for repayment and are reported as interfund receivables and payables on the fund financial statements. Transfers are flows of resources between funds without requirement for repayment and are reported as transfers in and transfers out on the fund financial statements. Loans and transfers within governmental activities or business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements, while loans and transfers between governmental activities and business-type activities are not eliminated.

F. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The government-wide statement of net position and the governmental and proprietary funds balance sheets include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, when applicable. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position or net assets that apply to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows or resources represent an acquisition of net position or net assets that apply to a future period as so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City had no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources to report in its financial statements for the current year.

G. Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted. The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

H. Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances represent the difference between the current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Balances (Continued)

purposes for which amounts in those resources can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable

Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form (items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted

Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use whether through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed

Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a formal resolution or ordinance. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.

<u>Assigned</u>

Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned

Fund balances are reported as unassigned when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts, respectively.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania statutes provide for the investment of moneys of governmental and proprietary funds into certain authorized investment types, including United States Treasury bills, short-term obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, obligations of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

any of it agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for investment purposes. In addition to the investments authorized for governmental and proprietary funds, investments of the City's Pension Plans may also be made in corporate stocks and bonds, real estate, and other investments consistent with sound business practice.

The deposit and investment policy of the City adheres to the Commonwealth statutes and prudent business practice. There were no deposit or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the Commonwealth statutes or the policy of the City.

Cash Deposits

The City's cash deposits with financial institutions include demand deposit accounts and time and savings deposits, including nonnegotiable certificates of deposit through local financial institutions, which are reported as cash and cash investments in the financial statements. Cash deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the City at December 31, 2021. Category 1 includes cash deposits which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes cash deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 cash deposits are uninsured and uncollateralized, or collateralized in accordance with Act 72, a Commonwealth statute which permits the financial institution to pool collateral for all governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name.

At December 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits with financial institutions was \$9,071,974 and the financial institutions balances totaled \$10,503,171, which is categorized as follows:

Category 1	\$ 974,908
Category 3	9,528,263
Total Cash Deposits	\$10,503,171

Investments

The investments of the City are reported in the financial statements at cost, and investments of the Non-Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan and the Police Retirement Plan, collectively disclosed as the Pension Trust Fund, are reported at fair value. Fair value reporting and disclosure for securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City does not have a written investment policy on concentration of credit risk. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from the disclosure of concentration of credit risk identifying investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of plan net assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 3 – Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The City's government-wide investments had no investments subject to the concentration of credit risk disclosure criteria.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The City does not have a written investment policy on custodial credit risk. The fair value of the City's securities held by a counterparty are as follows:

	Government- wide		т	Pension rust Fund	Total
	-	WIGE		rustrunu	 Tolai
Municipal Debt	\$	-	\$	311,425	\$ 311,425
Corporate Debt		215,774		2,812,047	3,027,821
Deferred Retirement Option Plan		_		74,783	74,783
U.S. Govt & Agency Securities		_		129,641	129,641
Mutual Funds – Fixed Income		-		4,122,000	4,122,000
Mutual Funds – Equities		604,639		6,387,976	6,992,615
Mutual Funds Balanced		-		478,573	478,573
Mutual Funds – Alternative		_		708,070	708,070
Equities	_			7,472,143	 7,472,143
Total	\$	820,413	\$	22,496,658	\$ 23,317,071

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City does not have a written investment policy on credit risk. At December 31, 2021, the credit quality ratings of the debt securities are as follows:

	Fair \			
Investment Type	Government- wide	Pension Trust Fund	Rating	Organization
Municipal Debt Municipal Debt Municipal Debt Total Municipal Debt Corporate Debt/Bonds Total Corporate Debt/Bonds	\$ - - - - - - 215,744	\$ 175,818 75,706 59,901 311,425 90,074 179,339 974,170 1,245,553 - 322,911	Aa A Not Rated Aaa Aa A Baa BBB Not Rated	Moody's Moody's Moody's Moody's Moody's S&P
Mutual Funds – Fixed Income Total Fixed Income		2,812,047 488,668 500,139 888,139 1,123,152 1,121,902 4,122,000 \$ 7,245,472	-B B BB BBB Not Rated	Morningstar Morningstar Morningstar Morningstar

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 3 - Cash Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City does not have a written investment policy on interest rate risk. The City's investments subject to interest rate risk at December 31, 2021 included the following:

				Remaining Maturities (Years)							
Investment Type	F	air Value	Le	ess than 1	_	1-5	_	6-10	11	or more	N/A
Municipal Debt	\$	311,425	\$	101,625	\$	135,607	\$	74,193	\$	-	\$ _
U.S. Government Agency		129,641		_		_		129,641			_
Corporate Debt		2,812,047		182,774		1,876,616		650,454		102,203	_
Mutual Funds – Fixed Income		4,122,000	_		_	1,225,455	_	1,774,643			1,121,902
Total by Maturity Dates	\$	7,375,113	\$	284,399	\$	3,237,678	\$	2,628,931	\$	102,203	\$ 1,121,902

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All the investments for the DuBois City Non-Uniformed Pension Plan, presented in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, are held by Nationwide Trust Company as custodian. As such they are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

All Investments for the DuBois City Police Retirement Plan, presented in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

All Investments for the DuBois City, presented in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 4 - Taxes

Real Estate Property Taxes

Real estate property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January first. Taxes are billed on or about March 1, with a 2% discount through April 30; face amount due from May 1 through June 30; and 10% penalty added after July 1. The Clearfield County Assessment Office calculates the yearly tax levy and distributes the individual tax duplicates to the City's elected tax collector. The tax collector is responsible for tax collections.

The City is permitted by law to levy separate and different rates of taxation for general City purposes on all real estate classified as land, exclusive of the buildings thereon, and on all real estate classified as buildings on land. As a result, higher rates may be levied on land if the respective rates on lands and buildings are so fixed so as not to constitute a greater levy in the

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 4 - Taxes (Continued)

aggregate than a rate of 25 mills on both land and buildings. Additional levies for certain other purposes are permitted at specific maximum millage rates as provided for in the City Code. Assessed value is 25% of market value. The City's net taxable assessed value for 2021 was \$59,433,451. The real estate tax millage rates for 2021 were:

Taxable Assessed Value	Purposes	Millage
Land	General	88.00
Buildings and improvements	General	2.00
Total real estate	Library and Recreation	3.50

Local Services Taxes

Emergency and Municipal Services taxes are also collected at various times by the City tax collector. The amount imposed on taxable residents is \$47.00.

Earned Income Taxes

The City also levies a one-half percent tax on the annual earned income of City residents. The tax is collected at various times throughout the year and remitted to the City by an appointed collection agency.

Tax Abatements

As of December 31, 2021, the City provides tax abatements through the Local Economic Revitalization Tax Assistance (LERTA) program. Property taxes are abated through a reduction of assessed value.

The LERTA program provides tax abatements for improvements to business property located in a deteriorated area. The local tax authority established an exemption schedule not to exceed 10 years and shall specify the portion of improvements to be exempted each year. Savings will be realized on a sliding scale beginning with 100% exempt for year 1. The total property taxes abated under the LERTA program for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$355.

Note 5 – Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

Due To	Due From	Amount		
Water	General Fund	\$ 441		
General Fund	CDBG	4,500		
Total		\$ 4,941		

Interfund balances resulted from the timing differences between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 6 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

Transfer In Fund	Transfer Out Fund	Amount
General Fund	Sewer	\$ 4,426,143
General Fund	Water	3,175,404
Liquid Fuels Tax Fund	General Fund	218,893
Health Insurance Fund	General Fund	229,500
Total		<u>\$ 8,049,940</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires them to be collected in to the fund that statute or budget requires them to be expended and use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 7 - Debt

The following presents the changes in long-term debt of the City during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance Additions	Ending Reductions Balance	Principal Due within One Year
Notes payable	<u>\$ 4,735,575</u> <u>\$ -</u>	\$ (3,077,637) \$ 1,657,93	8 \$ 77,955
Business-Type Activities Notes payable	12,604,8768,000,000	(928,352) 19,676,52	946,377
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 17,340,451</u> <u>\$ 8,000,000</u>	\$ (4,005,989) \$ 21,334,46	2 \$ 1,024,332

A summary of long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2021, follows:

Amount of Original Issue		 Balance utstanding
\$ 1,484,050	Guaranteed Revenue Note issued to the Pennsylvania Infrastructure Investment Authority (Pennvest) for a loan to partially finance a sewer system construction project, dated August 17, 2006 simultaneous with a grant from Pennvest of \$1,642,241 for the project. Interest is 1.252% during the initial sixty-six months which consists of construction time and the first five years of amortization, 2.416% during the remaining one hundred eighty months. Interest only is payable until February 1, 2007, \$6,928 is due monthly beginning March 1, 2007 and ending February 1, 2012 and from March 1, 2012 through February 1, 2027 maturity \$7,532 is payable monthly.	\$ 438,602

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 7 - Debt (Continued)

9,000,000	General Obligation Note issued to S&T Bank, dated December 14, 2012, to satisfy remaining balance of General Obligation Bond Series of 2009 and for funding of capital projects, secured by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the City. The note is repayable in monthly installments of \$37,127 with interest of 1.50% and a maturity date of December 14, 2037. The Sewer Fund is responsible for 21.64% of the debt and the Water Fund is responsible for 78.36% of the debt.	6,315,209
4,664,523	General Obligation Note issued to S&T Bank, dated March 8, 2013, for funding of capital projects, secured by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City. The note is repayable in monthly installments of \$19,205 with a current interest rate of 1.50% and a maturity date of March 8, 2028. The Sewer Fund is responsible for 37.73% of the debt, the Water Fund is responsible for 36.62% of the debt, and the General Fund is responsible for 25.65% of the debt.	3,314,015
4,400,000	General Obligation Note issued to S&T Bank, dated May 7, 2015, to satisfy remaining balance of General Obligation Bond Series of 2011 and to provide funding for capital projects, secured by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the City. The note is repayable in monthly installments of \$20,482, including interest of 2.79%, and a maturity date of May 7, 2040. The interest rate is set initially at 2.79% and is scheduled to be adjusted after 7 years to a rate equal to tax-free equivalent of the 30-day LIBOR plus 175 basis points, with a maximum rate of 6%. The Water Fund is responsible for 77.10% of the debt and the General Fund is responsible for 22.90% of the debt.	3,524,380
3,500,000	General Obligation Note issued to S&T Bank, dated January 2021, for funding of capital projects, secured by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City. The note is repayable in interest only monthly installments, with all unpaid principal and accrued interest due in full at maturity of December 1, 2024 with a current interest rate of 2.15%.	3,500,000
4,500,000	General Obligation Note issued to NexTier Bank, dated, January 2021 for funding of capital projects, secured by the full faith credit and taxing power of the City. The note is repayable in monthly installments of \$29,013, with a current interest rate of 2.06% and a maturity date of January 1, 2036. The interest rate is set initially at 2.06% scheduled to be adjusted every 5 years not to exceed 6.5%.	4,242,256

\$21,334,462

Total Long-Term Debt Outstanding

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 7 - Debt (Continued)

The aggregate annual debt service requirements applicable to the City's bonded debt and notes payable is summarized:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 1,024,332	\$ 408,985	\$ 1,433,317
2023	1,044,091	389,226	1,433,317
2024	4,564,043	369,274	4,933,317
2025	1,084,836	273,231	1,358,067
2026	1,100,990	268,782	1,369,772
2027-2031	5,395,815	1,016,186	6,412,001
2032-2036	5,596,054	441,027	6,037,081
2037-2040	<u>1,524,301</u>	46,630	1,570,931
	\$ 21,334,462	\$ 3,213,341	\$ 24,547,803

Note 8 - Non-Uniformed Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Non-Uniformed Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time non-uniformed employees of the City and which is controlled by the provisions of Ordinance No. 1776, as amended, adopted pursuant to Act 317. The plan is governed by the City Council which is responsible for the management of plan assets. The City Council has appointed a Committee as the official body to which all related investment matters are delegated. The Pension Board consists of seven members: two administration participants, two union participants, two retired individuals, and one Council member.

The City Council has delegated the authority to manage certain assets to the Girard Pension Services LLC., with Nationwide Financial as custodian. Financial statements of the plan are separately issued and can be obtained by contacting the City.

Membership

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2021:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	35
Terminated Plan Members Entitled To But Not	
Yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Plan Members	<u>40</u>
Total Membership	<u>77</u>

Contributions

Members are required to contribute 3.5% of their gross compensation, with interest credited to these contributions at 6% per year. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, interest is not credited to these contributions. The plan may also receive an annual allocation from the General Municipal Pension System State Aid Program which must be used for plan funding.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 8 - Non-Uniformed Pension Plan (Continued)

Any funding requirements in excess of members' contributions and state aid must be paid by the City in accordance with Act 205.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The monthly retirement benefit shall be 2.5% for each year of service, up to a maximum of 90%, times the average monthly salary over the participants highest five consecutive years of employment. For participants hired on or after January 1, 2013, the monthly retirement benefit shall be 50% of the member's average annual salary received during the last or any five years of employment, whichever is higher. Participants with 12 years of service are eligible to retire at age 60; participants are eligible for voluntary early retirement after 20 years of service, and involuntary retirement after 8 years of service with benefits actuarially reduced for each year or partial year prior to age 60. For participants hired on or after January 1, 2013, members with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 60 and a benefit is available prior to attaining age 60 and 20 years of service if the member continues paying monthly employee contributions equal to the last amount due while in active employment until reaching age 60. Participants are eligible for service-related monthly disability benefits equal to 50% of salary at the time the disability was incurred, reduced by any available worker's compensation benefits received for the same injuries. After 10 years of service, participants, who are certified to be unable to engage in any gainful employment, are eligible for nonservice-related monthly disability benefits equal to 30% of salary at the time the disability was incurred. For participants hired on or after January1, 2013, an employee who becomes totally and permanently disabled after 10 years of service and before attaining the age of 60 shall be entitled to a benefit equal to a normal retirement benefit with no distinction made between service and non-service related disability. For members eligible to retire at the time of death, a beneficiary will receive death benefits equal to the present value of the accrued benefit. At retirement, the member may select a death benefit for a beneficiary.

Commitment Related to Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2021, the plan reported a total net pension liability of \$3,418,307. Because of the use of the cash basis of accounting framework in the preparation of the financial statements, this net pension liability is not reported in the City's financial statements, and is instead disclosed herein as a commitment. In accordance with the cash basis of accounting, pension expenditures are only reported when contributions are paid by the City.

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at January 1, 2021. The net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's contributions, plan investment earnings, benefit payments, and other activity in the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions used in the determination of net pension liability, including mortality rates and life expectancies, long-term expected rate of return, discount rate, and sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in discount rate are available in the separately issued Non-Uniformed Pension Plan financial report that can be obtained by contacting the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 9 - Police Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The Police Retirement Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time uniformed employees of the City. The plan is governed by the City Council which is responsible for the management of plan assets. The City Council has delegated the authority to manage certain plan assets to S&T Trust. Financial statements of the plan are separately issued and can be obtained by contacting the City.

Membership

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2020:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	13
Terminated Plan Members Entitled To But Not	
Yet Receiving Benefits	1
Active Plan Members	<u>13</u>
Total Membership	<u>27</u>

Contributions

Members are required to contribute 3% of their gross compensation plus \$5 per month to the plan. The plan may also receive an annual allocation from the General Municipal Pension System State Aid Program which must be used for plan funding. Any funding requirements in excess of members' contributions and state aid must be paid by the City in accordance with Act 205.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The monthly retirement benefit is equal to 50% of final monthly average salary, defined as the last calendar year of employment or average of highest 5 years, if greater, plus service increment of 1/40 of the retirement benefit for each completed year of service in excess of 20 years up to a maximum of \$500. Service after age 65 is not included. Members with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 50. Members are eligible for service-related monthly disability benefits equal to the retirement benefit if hired before January 1, 2004 or the retirement benefit offset by worker's compensation if hired on or after January 1, 2004. There are no nonservice-related disability benefits. For active members that were hired before January 1, 2004, 25% of the member's compensation at the date of death is payable to the member's spouse until death or remarriage for members with less than 10 years of service completed; for members with 10 or more years of service completed, 50% of the member's compensation at the date of death is payable to the member's spouse until death or remarriage. For active members that were hired on or after January 1, 2004, the death benefit is the refund of member contributions for members before retirement eligibility; for members after retirement eligibility or after retirement, the monthly death benefit is equal to 50% of the pension the member was receiving or was entitled to receive on the day of the member's death. Inactive member death benefits payable to the member's spouse for deferred vested members is equal to 50% of the deferred vested benefit commencing at normal retirement date; for retired members, a monthly death benefit equal to 50% of the pension the member was receiving is payable to the member's spouse until death or remarriage.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 9 – Police Retirement Plan (Continued)

Commitment Related to Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2021, the plan reported a total net pension liability of \$(1,234,680). Because of the use of the cash basis of accounting framework in the preparation of the financial statements, this net pension liability is not reported in the City's financial statements, and is instead disclosed herein as a commitment. In accordance with the cash basis of accounting, pension expenditures are only reported when contributions are paid by the City.

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at January 1, 2021. The net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's contributions, plan investment earnings, benefit payments, and other activity in the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions used in the determination of net pension liability, including mortality rates and life expectancies, long-term expected rate of return, discount rate, and sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in discount rate are available in the separately issued Police Retirement Plan financial statements that can be obtained by contacting the City.

Note 10 - Grants

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City Council believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Note 11 – Unexpended Funding

In 2021, the City received \$4,219,875 Highway Transfer Program Funds to perform certain services identified in a Highway Transfer Agreement. As of December 31, 2021, there were unspent funds of \$3,821,680

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2021

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 31, 2023 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In the latter part of 2022 the City awarded contracts for the construction of the Wastewater Recovery Facility project. Revenue bonds of \$83,883,897 and grants of \$4,433,103 were issued for a sum off \$88,317,000 to substantially finance the project.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CASH BASIS

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenues: Original Final Actual Over (Under) Taxes \$ 2,426,335 \$ 2,426,335 \$ 2,590,526 \$ 164,191 Intergovernmental 7,391,332 7,391,332 6,788,377 (602,955) Charges for services 640,388 640,388 1,037,210 396,822 Licenses and permits 141,554 141,554 138,546 (3,008) Fines and forfeitures 59,472 59,472 45,420 (14,052) Interest and rentals 7,248 7,248 39,431 32,183 Miscellaneous 498,534 498,534 347,891 (150,643)			Budgeted	l Amo	unts				ariance with inal Budget
Taxes \$ 2,426,335 \$ 2,426,335 \$ 2,590,526 \$ 164,191 Intergovernmental 7,391,332 7,391,332 6,788,377 (602,955) Charges for services 640,388 640,388 1,037,210 396,822 Licenses and permits 141,554 141,554 138,546 (3,008) Fines and forfeitures 59,472 59,472 45,420 (14,052) Interest and rentals 7,248 7,248 39,431 32,183 Miscellaneous 498,534 498,534 347,891 (150,643) Total Revenues 11,164,863 11,164,863 10,987,401 (177,462) Expenditures: Current: General government 1,651,495 1,651,495 1,579,130 72,365 Public safety 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,483,037 (137,788) Public works 1,072,290 1,072,290 1,047,409 24,881 Community and economic development 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service: Principal 74,544 74,544 3,077,637 (3,003,093) Interest 49,603 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlay 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,366,552 4,491,365 Other 1,254,660 1,264,560 1,264,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Clarer Sin 1,715,161 (1,61,733 1,506,783 Transfers in 7,7601,547 7,601,547 7,7601,547	_	Original				Actual			
Intergovernmental 7,391,332 7,391,332 6,788,377 (602,955) Charges for services 640,388 640,388 1,037,210 396,822 Licenses and permits 141,554 141,554 138,546 (3,008) Fines and forfeitures 59,472 59,472 45,420 (14,052) Interest and rentals 7,248 7,248 39,431 32,183 Miscellaneous 498,534 498,534 347,891 (150,643) Total Revenues 11,164,863 11,164,863 10,987,401 (177,462) Expenditures: Current: General government 1,651,495 1,651,495 1,579,130 72,365 Public safety 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,483,037 (137,788) Public works 1,072,290 1,072,290 1,047,409 24,881 Community and economic development 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service: Principal 74,544 74,544 3,077,637 (3,003,093) Interest 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlaty 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,366,552 4,491,365 Clipter 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers out 7,253,477 (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Transfers out 7,253,477 (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220				,					
Charges for services		\$		\$	2,426,335	\$	2,590,526	\$	164,191
Licenses and permits					7,391,332		6,788,377		(602,955)
Clicenses and permits 141,554 141,554 138,546 (3,008)			50		640,388		1,037,210		396,822
Fines and forfeitures 59,472 59,472 45,420 (14,052) Interest and rentals 7,248 7,248 39,431 32,183 Miscellaneous 498,534 498,534 347,891 (150,643) Total Revenues 11,164,863 11,164,863 10,987,401 (177,462) Expenditures: Current: Curr			141,554		141,554		138,546		(3,008)
Miscellaneous 7,248 7,248 39,431 32,183			59,472		59,472		45,420		(14,052)
Total Revenues 11,164,863 11,164,863 10,987,401 (177,462) Expenditures: Current: General government 1,651,495 1,651,495 1,579,130 72,365 Public safety 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,483,037 (137,788) Public works 1,072,290 1,072,290 1,047,409 24,881 Community and economic development 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service: Principal 74,544 74,544 3,077,637 (3,003,093) Interest 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlay 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,386,552 4,491,385 Cher 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,306,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in 7,601,547 7,601,547 Transfers out (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses): 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220					7,248		39,431		32,183
Expenditures: Current: General government					498,534		347,891		(150,643)
Current: General government 1,651,495 1,651,495 1,579,130 72,365 Public safety 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,483,037 (137,788) Public works 1,072,290 1,072,290 1,047,409 24,881 Community and economic development 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service: 74,544 74,544 3,077,637 (3,003,093) Interest 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlay 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,386,552 4,491,365 Other 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures 14,117,516 14,117,516 12,610,733 1,506,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 2,952,653 (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Capital assets sales 3,680,000	Total Revenues		11,164,863		11,164,863		10,987,401		(177,462)
General government 1,651,495 1,651,495 1,579,130 72,365 Public safety 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,483,037 (137,788) Public works 1,072,290 1,072,290 1,047,409 24,881 Community and economic development 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service:									
Public safety 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,345,249 2,483,037 (137,788) Public works 1,072,290 1,072,290 1,047,409 24,881 Community and economic development 250,000 250,000 - 250,000 Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service: Principal 74,544 74,544 3,077,637 (3,003,093) Interest 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlay 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,386,552 4,491,365 Cither 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures 14,117,516 14,117,516 12,610,733 1,506,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in - 7,601,547 7,601,547 Transfers out (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220									
Public safety Public works Public works Community and economic development Community and economic development Community and economic development Culture and recreation Cistor, 19,404 Capture Culture Capture Culture Capture			1,651,495		1,651,495		1.579.130		72.365
Public works Community and economic development Coulture and recreation Debt service: Principal Interest Capital outlay Cother Total Expenditures Cother Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220									
Community and economic development Culture and recreation Debt service: Principal Interest 49,603 6,877,917 Capital outlay Cither Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures Capital assets sales Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 250,000 3,077,637 250,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	Public works		1,072,290						
Culture and recreation 541,858 541,858 729,980 (188,122) Debt service: Principal 74,544 74,544 3,077,637 (3,003,093) Interest 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlay 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,386,552 4,491,365 Other 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures 14,117,516 14,117,516 12,610,733 1,506,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Transfers in - - - 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,2	Community and economic development		250,000				-		
Debt service: Principal			541,858		541,858		729.980		
Interest 49,603 49,603 43,147 6,456 Capital outlay 6,877,917 6,877,917 2,386,552 4,491,365 Other 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures 14,117,516 14,117,516 12,610,733 1,506,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in - 7,601,547 7,601,547 Transfers out (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220 Excess Control of the Polymer Expenditure of the Po					200 200 20 1 0 000 200 200				(.00).22)
Interest	•		74,544		74,544		3,077,637		(3.003.093)
Capital outlay Other Total Expenditures 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures 14,117,516 14,117,516 12,610,733 1,506,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in			49,603		49,603				
Other Total Expenditures 1,254,560 1,254,560 1,263,841 (9,281) Total Expenditures 14,117,516 14,117,516 12,610,733 1,506,783 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220			6,877,917		6,877,917		2,386,552		
Total Expenditures		_			1,254,560		1,263,841		15 (5)
Revenues over Expenditures (2,952,653) (2,952,653) (1,623,332) 1,329,321 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in - - 7,601,547 7,601,547 Transfers out (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Total Expenditures	_	14,117,516		14,117,516				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital assets sales Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses Tudal Release Fasting 3,680,000 3,680,000 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,249,488 4,294,835 5,624,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220								3)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in - 7,601,547 7,601,547 Transfers out (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Revenues over Expenditures		(2,952,653)		(2,952,653)		(1,623,332)		1.329.321
Capital assets sales 3,680,000 3,680,000 96,334 (3,583,666) Transfers in - - 7,601,547 7,601,547 Transfers out (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,601,547 7,249,488 2,76,954 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Capital assets sales		3,680,000		3 680 000		06 334		(2 502 666)
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (725,347) (725,347) (448,393) 276,954 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Transfers in		-		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,954,653 2,954,653 7,249,488 4,294,835 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Transfers out		(725.347)		(725.347)				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
and Other Sources Over 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						.,,	-	1,201,000
Expenditures and Other Uses 2,000 2,000 5,626,156 5,624,156 Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220									
Fund Balance-Beginning 3,132,364 3,132,364 3,537,584 405,220			2.000		2 000		5 626 156		5 624 156
Fund Polonge Fading	Fund Balance Reginning								
Fund Balance-Ending \$ 3,134,364 \$ 3,134,364 \$ 9,163,740 \$ 6,029,376	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □		3,132,364		3,132,364		3,537,584		405,220
	Fund Balance-Ending	_\$	3,134,364	\$	3,134,364	\$	9,163,740	\$	6,029,376

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedules.

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Budgetary Information

The City has adopted the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- (1) At the last stated meeting in November in each year, the City Manager shall present to Council for first reading a proposed budget ordinance for all funds showing the estimated receipts, expenditures, and liabilities for the ensuing year with the balance of unexpended appropriations and all other information of value as a basis for fixing the levy and tax rate for the next fiscal year. Council shall, upon passing the proposed budget ordinance on first reading, fix a date for adoption thereof, which shall be not later than December 31 of such year.
- (2) The City Clerk shall make the proposed budget ordinance available for public inspection and publish a notice to that effect once in at least one newspaper. Such notice shall state the date fixed by Council for adoption of the proposed budget ordinance and such notice shall be published at least twenty days prior to the time fixed by Council for adoption of the proposed budget ordinance. The proposed budget ordinance shall be available for public inspection at the City Clerk's office for at least ten days after the newspaper notice is published.
- (3) Council shall, after making such changes and modifications therein as appear proper, adopt the budget and any appropriation measures required to put it into effect upon the date fixed for adoption thereof. If, upon any revision of the budget, estimated expenditures are increased more than ten percent in the aggregate or more than twenty five percent in any individual item over the proposed budget, such budget shall not be adopted with any such increases therein unless the same be again made available for public inspection and for protest of such increases for a period of at least ten days after notice to that effect is published.
- (4) During the month of January following any municipal election, Council may amend the budget and the levy and tax rate to conform to the amended budget ordinance. The procedures for adopting an amended budget shall be in accordance with the above, except that the amended budget ordinance must be adopted on or before February 15.

Note 2 - Other Information

GASB Statement No. 34 requires a budgetary comparison schedule to be presented for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The City had no major special revenue funds for the year ended December 31, 2021.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CASH BASIS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2021

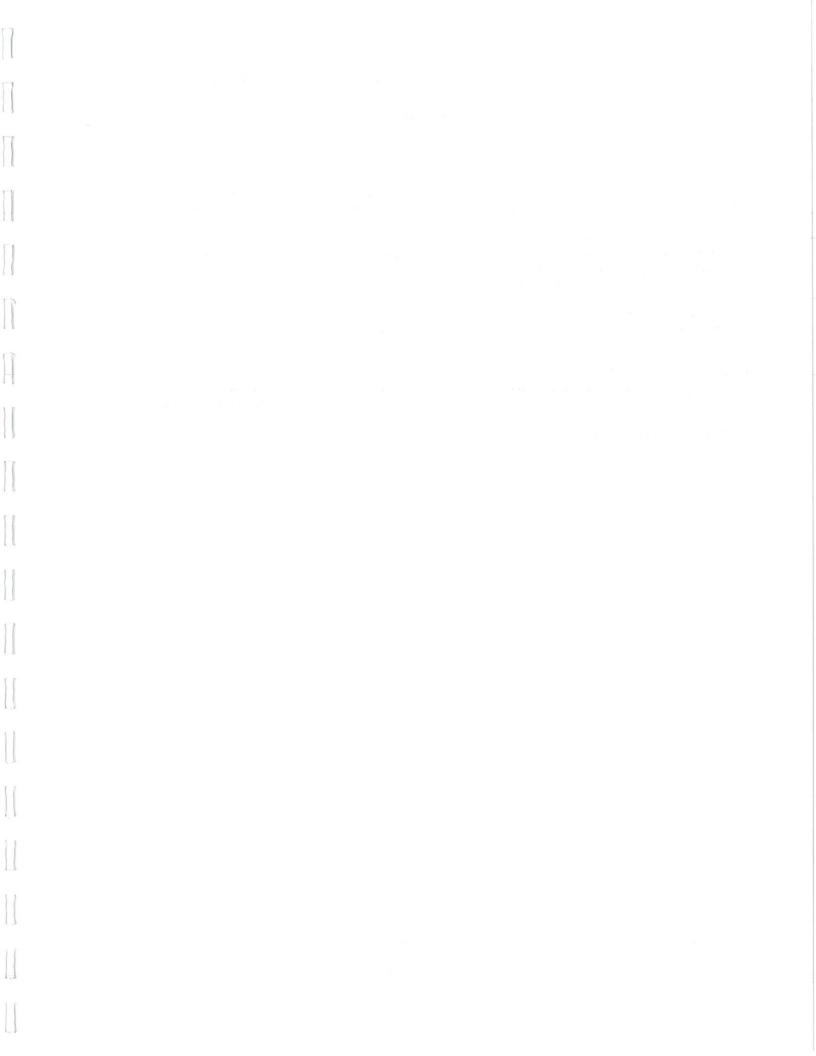
<u>ASSETS</u>	Community Development Block Grant		Health Insurance		Liquid Fuels Tax		Total Other Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash investments Interfund receivables	\$	25	\$	427,699	\$	254,540	\$	682,264
Total Assets	_\$	25		427,699	\$	254,540	\$	682,264
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Employee payroll deductions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Interfund payables		4,500			_		_	4,500
Total Liabilities		4,500						4,500
Fund Balances: Restricted:								
General government		-		427,699				427,699
Public works						254,540		254,540
Culture and recreation				-		=		-
Unassigned		(4,475)		-		-		(4,475)
Total Fund Balances	-	(4,475)	_	427,699	_	254,540	_	677,764
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	25	\$	427,699	\$	254,540	\$	682,264

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CASH BASIS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Davis	Community Development Health Block Grant Insurance		Liquid Fuels Tax	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	229,056	-	267,152	496,208	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	
Interest and rentals	-	-	27	27	
Miscellaneous					
Total Revenues	229,056		267,179	496,235	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	124,098	-	124,098	
Public safety	-	.=:	-	-	
Public works	-	-	258,925	258,925	
Community and economic development	233,556	-	-	233,556	
Culture and recreation	2.5	•	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal Interest	-	•	-	20	
Capital outlay	-	•	-	-	
Other	-	-			
Total Expenditures	233,556	104.000	- 250,005		
Total Experiorures	233,556	124,098	258,925	616,579	
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over Expenditures	(4,500)	(124,098)	8,254	(120,344)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Capital assets sales	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	-	229,500	218,893	448,393	
Transfers out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		229,500	218,893	448,393	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources Over					
Expenditures and Other Uses	(4,500)	105,402	227,147	328,049	
Fund Balances-Beginning	25	322,297	27,393	349,715	
Fund Balances-Ending	\$ (4,475)	\$ 427,699	\$ 254,540	\$ 677,764	



Grant Period	(Accrued) Deferred Balance 1/1/2021	Federal Receipts	Federal Expenditures	Other	(Accrued) Deferred Balance 12/31/2021	Expenditures to Subrecipients
03/21/19-03/20/23	\$ -	\$ 53,324	\$ 53,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,324
01/27/20-11/01/22	-	175,732	185,232		(9,500)	185,232
	-	229,056	238,556		(9,500)	238,556
		603,822	790,754		(186,932)	<u> </u>
03/03/21-12/31/24	-	385,392			385,392	
	\$ -	\$ 1,218,270	\$ 1,029,310	\$ -	\$ 188,960	\$ 238,556

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost

The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SHARKEY PICCIRILLO & KEEN, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

DuBois, Pennsylvania 15801

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of DuBois, Pennsylvania DuBois, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's primary government basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2023. The report on the aggregate remaining fund information was qualified because of the effects of omitting blended component units. The report on aggregate discretely presented component units was adverse because the primary government financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the primary government financial statements, we considered the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the primary government financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's primary government financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of primary government financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sharkey Piccinllo + Keen, LLP

March 31, 2023

SHARKEY PICCIRILLO & KEEN, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

DuBois, Pennsylvania 15801

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the City Council City of DuBois, Pennsylvania DuBois, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021. The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's compliance with the requirement referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulation, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal

control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as described above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

SHARKEY PICCIRILLO & KEEN, LLP

Sharky Piccirillo + Keen, UP

March 31, 2023

<u>CITY OF DUBOIS, PENNSYLVANIA</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, and a qualified opinion on the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government financial statements of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania. The auditor's report expresses an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units because the primary government financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units.
- One material weakness related to the audit of the primary government financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the primary government financial statements of the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of DuBois, Pennsylvania expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. No audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major federal programs included:

ProgramCFDA No.Highway Planning and Construction20.205

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESS - INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

2021-001: Financial Reporting Duties of the City

Statement of Condition

The personnel responsible for the accounting and reporting functions of the City, who have the level of knowledge and experience to review, approve, and accept responsibility for the financial statements, do not currently possess an appropriate level of technical knowledge and experience of generally accepted accounting principles and Government Accounting Standards Board's pronouncements to prepare the City's financial statements in accordance with the reporting requirements of those principles and pronouncements.

<u>Criteria</u>

Internal control over financial reporting includes controls over financial statement preparation, which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements, including note disclosures.

Effect of Condition

This condition increases the risk of possible misstatements in the financial statements.

Recommendation

An ideal internal control system over financial reporting would include an individual within an organization that would have technical knowledge and experience of the reporting requirements of generally accepted accounting principles and the Government Accounting Standards Board.

Response

The City Council and management are aware of the existence of the material weakness and agree that an ideal internal control system over financial reporting would include an individual described in the recommendation, which would reduce the risk of possible misstatements in the financial statements. The personnel responsible for the accounting and reporting functions of the City currently possess suitable skill, knowledge, and experience to perform the daily accounting functions of the City. Therefore, the City Council and management have made a conscious decision to accept the degree of risk resulting from the material weakness, as the benefit of the reduced risk does not justify the additional costs necessary to reduce this risk.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT None.



16 W. SCRIBNER AVE.

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FAX: (814) 371-1290

Office of the City Manager
Department of Administration & Finance

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

March 31, 2023

U.S. Department of Transportation

The City of DuBois, Pennsylvania respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm: Sharkey Piccirillo & Keen, LLP, 991 Beaver Drive, DuBois, PA 15801

Audit period: The year ended December 31, 2021

The findings from the December 31, 2021 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2021-001: Financial Reporting Duties of the City

Recommendation: An ideal internal control system over financial reporting would include an individual within an organization that would have technical knowledge and experience of the reporting requirements of generally accepted accounting principles and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Action Taken: City Council and management are aware of the existence of the material weakness and agree that an ideal internal control system over financial reporting would include an individual described in the recommendation, which would reduce the risk of possible misstatements in the financial statements. The personnel responsible for the accounting and reporting functions of the City currently possess suitable skill, knowledge, and experience to perform the daily accounting functions of the City. Therefore, City Council and management have made a conscious decision to accept the degree of risk resulting from the material weakness, as the benefit of the reduced risk does not justify the additional costs necessary to reduce this risk.

If the U.S. Department of Transportation has questions regarding this plan, please call the City office at (814) 371-2000.

Sincerely yours,

City Mayor